

ICE CREAM
ICE COLD SOFT DRINKS
TOBACCO
BLUNDELL'S
GUMS
AND
CANDIES
In every
way

VOLUME 5

ALBERTA GOES DRY BY GOOD MAJORITY IN VOTE WEDNESDAY

Drys Leading Throughout Province By About 20,000 -- Lethbridge is Only City Going Wet--Rural Vote Almost 3 to 1 -- Redcliff Goes Wet

Under the new direct legislation act the people of Alberta pronounced in favor of the prohibition of the sale of liquor throughout the province. The vote was taken last Wednesday and present indications are that the affirmative vote will have over twenty thousand majority.

At the present time there are about twenty per cent. of the outlying polls to be heard from, but the drys have a good substantial lead in 1904, and the final figures point to a result little different than the present standing. The "wet" expect a majority in some of the northern districts yet to be fully heard from and the "dry" look for leads in some of the central Alberta polls not yet reported. The standing at the time of going to press is: Drys, 47,842; Wets, 28,788.

The result of the vote is, on the whole, a clean sweep for prohibition, in rural and urban districts alike. All the cities in the province went "dry" except Lethbridge. Redcliff is among the few towns which went "wet."

Calgary gave a dry majority of 2,887, Edmonton a dry majority of over 3,000, and Medicine Hat 1,061.

It was in the rural districts, however, that the big vote for prohibition was piled up. Of the 55 provincial constituencies only seven of those heard from so far have gone wet. The others are going dry with majorities of more than three to one. There is no doubt now that Alberta is going dry, and as both party leaders are pledged to support the act if it received the endorsement of the people, the same will become law on the 1st of July, 1916. The legislature must, therefore, at this next session, pass the bill according to the direct legislation act. When this is done 250 hotels, club and wholesale liquor licenses will be abolished in the province. No liquor will be sold except in Alberta except for medicinal purposes. For these purposes liquor will be handled by doctors under control of the government.

In Redcliff keen interest was taken in the voting. From the time the count was closed there was steady work for the officials and all but about seven of the possible votes was cast. The result here was 17 "drys" and 100 "wets." Besides these there were twelve spoiled ballots. These, however, did not count for either side, as there were six spoiled for each side.

The whole Redcliff constituency will also give a "wet" majority of about 100.

The following is the result of the poll throughout this riding:

Poll	Wet	Dry
1. Many Island	37	9
2. Fifteen Mile	30	16
3. Five's Lake	9	33
4. Redcliff	117	100
5. Bowell	21	36
6. Foxenaville	22	38
7. Rossmore	9	34
8. Alderson	40	40
9. Uffield	24	32
10. Royal	21	4
11. Highland	8	6
12. Whanadale	13	4
13. Box Springs	10	30
14. Smith's	11	3
15. Rutherford's	12	7
16. Wells	6	13
17. Rose Glen	6	13
18. Bernice	3	28
19. Schuler	19	15
20. Manta	21	4
21. Flat Valley	35	13
22. Social Plains	37	18
23. Empress	109	68
24. Hingville	22	8
25. Tripola	7	27
26. Blue Grass	10	15
27. Turtle Flat	15	14
28. Tide Lak	49	20
29. Peersfoot	4	27
30. High Valley	10	20
31. Alton	15	9
32. Jenner	10	48
33. Hainy Hill	7	17
Total	786	878
Majority "wet"	108	

There are still two polls which are not as yet heard from. These are poll 32, Sandy Point, and poll 35, Buffalo. These are both small polls. Sandy Point is expected to go "wet" by a small majority, and Buffalo to go dry by a fairly good majority, so that the total majority is expected to be somewhere around the hundred mark.

This is the first time a vote of this kind was ever taken in Canada, and the result is looked upon as indicative of the feeling throughout the whole Dominion.

With Saskatchewan already dry, the two political leaders in Manitoba appealing to the people on a "total prohibition" platform and the prospects of British Columbia being similar stand, it is now predicted that all western Canada is wet within one year.

St. Ambrose Carnival A Great Success

The grounds around St. Ambrose church presented a gay and festive appearance for the carnival given by the St. A. last evening. On the lawn, refreshment tables, were scattered promiscuously around for the comfort and convenience of those present, and a bevy of pretty girls attended to the wants of those who wanted to refresh. Cakes, cooling drinks or any of the other delicacies provided by the ladies of the congregation.

Dancing platform was erected on the grounds for the occasion. It was tastefully decorated with flags, bunting and Chinese lanterns. The music was given greatly to the appearance of the grounds reflected great credit on the generosity of the St. A. members, and his willing hand of help.

In another corner of the grounds C. Kahley assisted the children with an amuse which the ladies of the St. A. had netted as rally. They got three shots for a nickel, and every time they knocked him over they got a bag of candy.

During the evening while refreshments were being enjoyed, Messrs. J. Timm and J. Kitchin, two members of the band, rendered several of the Misses A. Mason and E. Bradford danced the sailor's hornpipe.

When the moon put in its appearance the young people started dancing on the platform specially prepared, and all went merry as a wedding party. For this part of the program Messrs. R. Cann and D. Mackay furnished the music, and well did they do it that several of the older ones present were tempted to join in. Messrs. Werts and How, acted as the program through, very successfully.

On the whole a most enjoyable evening was spent, and the ladies netted a nice profit as a result of their trouble.

GERANY VIOLETES HER SOLEMN PLEDGE

The use by the Germans of poisonous gases as a means of warfare was recently referred to by the British House of Commons by the use of auxillary and deleterious gases, and the ladies netted a nice profit as a result of their trouble.

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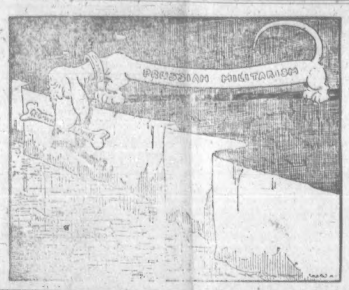
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CLIFF

OUR SLOGAN: An Industrial Metropolis of Industrious People Who Pull Together.

REDCLIFF, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, JULY 23, 1915.



FOUR MORE MOTOR TRUCKS FROM REDCLIFF

Motor Factory Here Sells Four More Trucks to Militia--Are Shipped to Sewell -- Will Increase Staff At Plant

Last Monday morning, the Motor Truck factory here shipped four more two-ton trucks to Sewell camp where they will be used in the military camp at that point. Some time ago this factory sold three similar trucks to the militia department and they have given entire satisfaction that the four more above mentioned were ordered to be shipped at once. As recruiting is still going on at different points throughout the Dominion at a rapid pace and as this make of trucks will always be in demand, the prospects are good for this factory securing orders to supply western military camps with their trucks.

It is the intention of the management of the plant here to increase the staff at once and make up a team of new trucks, to have them in readiness when required. At the present time the plant is completing out of two-ton trucks, although they have a few of the ton and a half ones left. They will proceed at once to make up a number of the two-ton trucks, as these appear to be most in demand.

Ed Wallat went with the trucks to Sewell to superintend the unloading and demonstrate the running of the trucks. When this is done he will go on to Minneapolis to visit his mother.

Ladies Organize Red Cross Society

At the meeting called last Tuesday afternoon to discuss the advisability of organizing a local branch of the Red Cross Society, a large number of the ladies of the town were present. Mrs. McCombes, of Medicine Hat, addressed the gathering, outlining briefly the history and work of the Red Cross Society. The ladies then decided to form an auxiliary to the Medicine Hat local branch until such time as they felt that a local branch could be formed in Redcliff. The following officers were elected: Chairman, Mrs. Margaret. Vice-chairman, Mrs. G. L. Gordon. Sec.-Treas., Mrs. E. L. Stone. Working Committee--Mrs. Chadwick, Mrs. H. B. Taylor, Mrs. Lavelle, Miss Conner.

Mrs. McCombes brought up with her a supply of to be distributed, mostly all of which was taken home by the ladies. Great enthusiasm was shown by all and a live auxiliary is assured.

It was decided that every Tuesday afternoon shall be Red Cross Day, the hours being from 3 to 5. All who desire to help in this great work may obtain material and instructions from Mrs. Chadwick, who is chairman of the working committee. Also there are any, either ladies or gentlemen, who wish to become members of the Red Cross Society, they may do so by paying 10¢ for associate membership or \$2 for active membership, fees for Mrs. E. L. Stone, sec.-treas. The next meeting will be in the Young Men's club rooms. All ladies interested are requested to attend.

INVESTIGATION INTO THE TOWN'S AFFAIRS NOT WARRANTED

By Facts Brought Out at Enquiry--So Says Commissioner in Report On Investigation - Secretary Could Have Answered Questions

The long looked for report of the commission which sat here some time ago to investigate the town's affairs has at last come to hand, and as predicted in this paper at the time the commission sat the finding was that there was no justification for such an enquiry.

As the report just reached here this afternoon we have not space to publish it in full, but will just report a few of the clauses on this occasion. In dealing with some of the questions submitted to him, the commissioner says: "For the most part these questions were of such a nature as could be readily answered by the secretary of the town upon his being given an opportunity to look into the town records.... Such questions involved matters about which

no doubt an honest difference of opinion might arise, while some involved matters that would require expert evidence to solve, none of which was forthcoming at the time. Again a number of questions were asked matters that had already been voted on by the burgeases.

In closing his report the commissioner says:

"In my opinion there was absolutely no evidence of any impropriety offered by any of the ratepayers in regard to the questions submitted to him.... I believe that the action of those requesting the appointment of the commission was not warranted by any facts that were brought out by the burgeases.

The report is signed by A. A. Carpenter, J.D.C., commissioner.

Herbert T. Smith In English Hospital

We clip the following concerning one of Redcliff boys who has been through some of the most severe fighting, from the Bridgewater, England, Mercury.

"On Friday last Mr. W. H. Smith, of High street, Bridgewater, received a post card from his son, Private Herbert T. Smith, of the Canadian, stating that he had been sent back to England and was at the Duchess of Cornwall's convalescent home for wounded Canadians at Tapscott, Private Smith, it is recalled, took part in the desperate fighting when he was wounded and recovered of the Canadian division saved the situation in front of Ypres. He, unfortunely, however, injured his back and was sent to a hospital where the Germans used on that occasion, and had to be treated in a hospital for several weeks. He has been under treatment for five or six weeks and is gradually recovering. On Sunday, Mr. and Mrs. Smith visited their only boy, and were greatly gratified to find that, although still very weak, he is slowly getting better, hoping to be discharged from the hospital in a month's time."

The above refers to "Smithy," the popular young man who was engaged on the Merlebury bank first year, prior to leaving for the front.

Percy Munroe Lands Safety in England

The Review is in receipt of a letter this week from A. P. Munroe, an old Redcliff boy who is now in England with the C.M.R. He says in part: "We are nearer the war zone now but will all welcome the return to the land of the Maple Leaf after we have shown Kaiser Bill the metal which is stored up in us to be worked at in early days. We only stayed in Redcliff five days and then journeyed to Montreal, where we boarded the good boat Megantic and hit for merry old England. We had a very pleasant voyage and very little sickness until we arrived in the war zone where every one has to be on their toes in case one of these submarines bobbed up and tried to send us into eternity. However, nothing happened as two torpedo boats came up about four hundred miles out and escorted us to Plymouth. After leaving the boat we boarded one of those tiny trains and started for our present camp, where there are just now about forty thousand soldiers stationed. Nothing but soldiers everywhere. The surrounding country is very pretty and one can easily see that it has taken many years to put it in such an excellent state of cultivation, with improvements and good roads. As to travelling our trip so far has not been worthy of much note, as when negotiating under military rules one does not get an opportunity to look about."

Percy wishes to be remembered to all the Redcliff people, and says after he has had satisfaction across the water he will return to the old Redcliff to resume his position. He also encloses a poem about the Redcliff boys which we reprint in another column of this issue.

British Government Limits Liquor House

Resides limiting hours during which liquor may be sold in towns where no good men have taken over control of the sale of liquors, the board of control appointed to deal with munition areas has ordered there shall be no trading and has prohibited the giving of credit for liquor. The sale of liquor in licensed houses is permitted only between the hours of noon and 6 p.m. and between 8 and 8 o'clock in the evening, 6 orders may be given or accepted of spirits may be consumed off the premises on Saturday and Sunday, and only between noon and 2:30 p.m. on other days. The penalty for contravention of the provisions of the act is a fine of 100 pounds' imprisonment and a fine of \$100.

How Do Saskatchewan Dry Lent It

Miss Odella Lane, a German-American pianist operating in London, Ont., with an American concert company, from the fact of her being the key to play "God Save the King" at the end of her program.

German Pressing on to Warsaw

From the shores of the Gulf of Riga north to Southern Poland, into which they drove the Russians from Galizia, the Austro-Germans are still surging forward, and if Warsaw can be denied them it will be captured in a matter of days.

This is the consensus of opinion, even among those in England, who heretofore have been hopeful that the Russians would turn and deliver a counter blow, and news of the evacuation of the Polish capital, followed by the entry of the Germans, would come as no surprise.

A German official statement beginning with the northern tip of the eastern belt records the progress of German troops to within about fifty miles of Riga. Then, following the great battle are southward the statement chronicles further success in the section northeast of Warsaw, culminating in the capture of Ostrovnika, one of the fortresses designed to seal the capital.

The acute peril of Warsaw is accentuated by a Russian official dispatch which says that German columns were bombarded by artillery from the fortress of Gorkovsk, the key to the capital from northwest and only about 20 miles from it.

THE REDCLIFF REVIEW

W. H. HATCHER, Proprietor
 Ed. L. SNOW, Editor.

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FRIDAY, JULY 23, 1915

REAL WORK JUST STARTING.

At the time of going to press there is every indication that the Liquor License Act as submitted to the people last Wednesday, has received an affirmative vote throughout the province by a very substantial majority, and that the act will be put into operation first of next July.

Those responsible for submitting this question to a vote and those who supported the act must not think that their responsibility ceased when they marked their ballots. As a matter of fact their responsibility has just commenced, or will just commence when the act is put into force next July.

During the campaign some of the arguments used were that prohibition did not prohibit, and that the proposed act could not be enforced. It is, therefore, up to those who are responsible for introducing and carrying this plebiscite, to do their share in helping to give the act a fair trial and in showing whether or not it will prohibit and whether or not it can be enforced. It will also behoove them to begin themselves in an effort to provide something to take the place of the saloon.

LET YOUR LIGHT SHINE.

On several occasions lately our attention has been drawn to the very poorly lighted condition of our station platform at the present time. We have ourselves had occasion to visit the station quite frequently lately to meet the 22.20 train, and confess the station platform certainly is a dark, dismal looking place at that hour of the night. Besides being most inconvenient for the large numbers from here who frequently use this train the present condition is most dangerous. It is probably because of this lack of proper light that the engineers have some difficulty in locating the station and sometimes stop their trains when the sleepers are still some place between here and the Iat, thus compelling passengers to grope around for several minutes in the dark in an effort to locate the end of the platform.

For a town like Redcliff, which depends so much on its future industrial development, and boasts so much of its cheap power and light because of its unlimited supply of natural gas, a dark, dingy, poorly lighted station platform is a very poor ad for travellers who may be passing through.

Since the C.P.R. spends thousands of dollars advertising the west it might spend a few cents advertising Redcliff's cheap gas. Industrial development in Redcliff means freight development for the C.P.R. By helping out that industrial development the C.P.R. would be but casting its bread upon the waters.

Buck up, Mr. C.P.R., and let your light so shine that passers by may know you have a gas town on your main line, a town which offers big inducements for manufacturers.

The men are not such a terrible, awful bunch after all. Since they did so well at the polls last Wednesday the women may not want the vote now.

THE AFTER-CLAP.

In the prohibition campaign which was brought to a close last Wednesday, Redcliff was exceedingly fortunate in not having any unpleasant squabbles between the two parties during the heat of the campaign. Both sides attended strictly to their own work and appeared to be quite satisfied to leave the deciding of this very important question to the voter themselves.

As is often the case, however, these unpleasantnesses are cropping up now after the whole thing is over and the vanquished is looking for some opening to give vent to their disappointment in their defeat. Naturally the first to whom they turn their attention are those who voted against them, and we are informed they are going out of their way in an endeavor to make things as unpleasant as possible for as many of them as possible. It is a sad sight to see local men first, but in case there should not be enough such to go around we would suggest that the different farmers' organizations in the district get together as soon as possible and make an estimate to the number of men required at this point for the harvest.

It will not be long now till the railroads start running their harvest excursions, and if some definite estimate of the men required were given we could request the C.P.R. to bill that necessary number through to this point with a reasonable guarantee of securing work for them.

This is being done at other points, and unless the farmers of this district do something along this line they may find themselves short of help at a very important time. For the convenience of both farmers and laborers the Redcliff office will be at their disposal and will assist as far as possible in solving the help problem.

Redcliff will be one of the first towns in the province to feel the effects of the vote last Wednesday. The manager of the Redcliff hotel states that at the end of this year he will not renew the license for the last six months, but instead will close up the house on the first of December. We have it, however, that another hotel will be opened on the above date if such were the case.

ROOM FOR IMPROVEMENT.

The vote last Wednesday on the Liquor Act brought out two very important points in connection with provincial elections or plebiscites, which the provincial authorities should not lose sight of and should take steps at once to remedy. The first is the present unsatisfactory system of compiling voters lists and the second is the very apparent lack of publicity in the rural districts. Regarding the former the Calgary Albertan, the Liberal paper of that city, draws attention to the unfairness and inconvenience, especially to the working man, of the present system of enumeration. Then in regard to the latter there is absolutely no publicity given by the government notifying voters how to proceed to get their names on the lists if they should happen by the carelessness or oversight of the enumerator, to be left off the list. This is especially the case in rural districts where such publicity as is necessary is left, as usual, to the generosity of the rural press.

These matters should be remedied before another plebiscite is submitted to the voters.

When it was announced after the poll last Wednesday that there were twelve spoiled ballots at the poll here, one woman was heard to remark, "Well, and those twelve men are likely among those who think women are not intelligent enough to vote."

A good title for a new song for Alberta would be "How Dry I Am."

HARVEST HELP.

Judging from present crop prospects there will, in all probability be a big demand among farmers of the surrounding district for harvesters and other farm laborers during the harvest.

In order to assist as much as possible both the farmers and those who are desirous of securing work in the harvest, the Review will, for the next few weeks, or as long as the employment requires, run a sort of an employment bureau.

We would therefore request that any farmers in the district who are desirous of securing such help should leave their names with us and the number and kind of help they require, whether male or female. We would further request that any in town who are looking for work of this kind, would also leave their names and addresses with us, so that when applications are made for help we will be in a position to put the farmers in touch with the men they require as soon as possible.

It will be our aim to place all local men first, but in case there should not be enough such to go around we would suggest that the different farmers' organizations in the district get together as soon as possible and make an estimate to the number of men required at this point for the harvest.

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Lethbridge went "wet" last Wednesday by 300 majority. Of course Lethbridge has a good industry in the penitentiary and they were afraid they might not have any more use for it if the country went "dry."

Even though the women didn't have a vote in the plebiscite last Wednesday, they certainly played a very important part, and are no doubt very largely responsible for the result of the poll. Now for a plebiscite on Women's Suffrage. There is very little doubt how it would go.

What a difference just a few short months make. Not long ago the Calgary Eye Opener was looked upon in some quarters as a "Hotten Rag." Last Wednesday night, during the dry demonstration in that city a Calgary preacher said the Eye Opener was one of the best papers in the city and advised his hearers to support it.

From what we can gather the vote in town last Wednesday was a great surprise and a great disappointment to both sides. The "Drys" expected a slight majority and the "Wets" expected a larger majority than they got. Another proof of the old saying

that elections and horse races are very uncertain.

CHURCH NOTICES.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND
 Sunday school - July, Communion, 8 a.m.; Matins, 11; Sunday school, 2.30; Evensong, 7.30.

Friday, Evensong with Litany and intercession for the war, 7.30. Choir practice 8.
 Keep in mind the Friday evening prayer service on Wednesday evening for our soldiers and sailors and come and uphold them with your prayers.
 Brethren: Attention service, 3 p.m., Sunday, August 1st.

THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
 Divine Worship is held in the church on Second street S.E., at 11 forenoon and half past seven evening. All are welcome. The forenoon service will treat of "The Result of the Conflict." "God is my Portion," will be the topic in the evening. Service at 4. Brethren at three in the afternoon.

Sabbath school at 2.15 in the church and at 2 in the Northwest school.
 Prayer service on Wednesday evening at eight. "Come with us and we will go with you."
 The choir meets on Thursday at 8 a.m.

BAPTIST CHURCH
 Religious hall, Sunday, July 25th. Sunday school, 10 a.m.
 Morning service, 11, special sermon on "Young People's Subject." "What the world owes to Dreamers."
 Evening service, 7.30. "A New Song to Heaven."
 Tuesday evening service 8 p.m. At this service a list of the names of addresses on the Bible will be given. Young people are especially invited. Friday, 8 o'clock practice at Mrs. Lang's home.

THE UNION BIBLE CLASS
 In the Presbyterian church at 3.30 on Sabbath afternoon the class will meet to study "The Visit of the Queen of Sheba to Solomon," 1 Kings 10:1-13. Join us in this interesting and instructive study.

Kitcheners Army is on Move to France

"The British advance will begin about August 1 and England will then make its great 'throw in the war,'" was the confident declaration of a member of Lord Kitchener's newest army, a man equipped with information, although he is only a private.
 "We are now off to the front," said he, "and we are almost the first of the new force. Kitchener's great army of 2,000,000 men is at last on its way. Within a couple of weeks after that there will be 750,000 men in British troops in France."
 The Kitcheners soldier was telling the truth. For two weeks, although no word is being allowed by the censor to be sent abroad, mighty preparations have been on throughout England to get the main body of Kitchener's army out of England by July 20.

How They Recruit In City of Toronto

The 19th regiment has evolved a new principle in recruiting. They have obtained from the street railway company a car bearing in front the sign: "To Berlin, via the 10th regiment," and no one the "fender: "You King Calls You: How Will You Answer Him?" "On the side in conspicuous letters are the words: "If you want to enlist, jump in this car." Inside at the table sit the recruiting officers. The car made a tour Monday of a number of streets and the response was more than was looked for. Berlin's catching the popular fancy.

NYAL'S
 Mayflower Talcum Powder
 Fragrant - Disinfectant - Blends

Mayflower Talcum Powder

The distinctive odor of Mayflower Talcum is entirely new, and of such charm and delicacy as to transcend the appeal of every woman's refinement. Antiseptic - exquisitely fine in texture, it is pre-eminent for use on baby.

All Nyal preparations are in a class by themselves. Nyal's Face Cream and toilet soaps are almost indispensable for the complexion. Ask at the Nyal Quality Store for free copy of our booklet, "Your Complexion," which includes directions as to proper methods of Massage.

Nyal
 Quality Store
 C. T. HALL, Drug.

Britain Has Equipped Three Million Men

It is fairly certain that Britain has raised and equipped about 3,000,000 men. Her war broke out. Of this total, it appears that 400,000 are in France, about 130,000, including 40,000 Australians, in the Dardanelles, 60,000 have been killed, perhaps 400,000 more so seriously wounded as to warrant their discharge as unfit for their service, and 10,000 have been taken prisoners. These figures total 715,000, and force upon us the conclusion that there are now in Great Britain over two and a quarter-million men who have never been in action, besides sixty or seventy thousand who have been wounded and are again fit for service. Unless Lord Lansdowne has been misinformed, and the census is likely to have taken care by now - Britain has not yet put a third of her potential strength into action. What is she going to do with the swarms of soldiers that must be crowding every available camping ground? When and where is she going to send them? The retention of the British and of so great a proportion of Britain's armed forces in the home islands is the greatest mystery of the war. The lack of munitions does not satisfactorily account for it, and that lack is now being made good. It is possible that all, there is something in the talk of an invasion of Germany through Holland?

Russians Contemplate Retiring From Warsaw

The Russian front, running from the Baltic in the north, to the Danube in the south, a distance of nearly a thousand miles, is being subjected to violent attacks by the Germans and Austrians, and in places has, according to the German official report, been pierced.

The Baltic province General von Bulow, who is using large forces of cavalry, has crossed the Vistula river and is moving toward Riga. In the Prussian district Field Marshal von Hindenburg, who is making his fourth attempt to reach Warsaw, has twice broken the Russian line, and compelled the defenders to retreat toward the Narew river. In southern Poland, after a period of tactical inactivity, Marshal von Mackensen is again on the move, and claims to have captured some Russian advanced positions which stood between him and his objective, the Lublin-Chelm railway.

Simultaneously with these attacks, which are the main ones, the Austro-German armies are on the offensive west of the Vistula river. In Central Poland and along the Danube river in Galicia. As was the case in the drive through Western Galicia, the Russians are fighting stubbornly and on occasion are turning and delivering vicious blows at their opponents. But whether they will be able to hold their present line is problematical.

The probability of the Russians being able to evacuate Warsaw, which is threatened by Von Hindenburg in the north and Von Mackensen in the south is being seriously discussed. The possibility of a further retreat, however, is being calmly considered in the Russian where the old theory that the farther the enemy is drawn into the country the worse it is for him, buys up their hopes of final victory.

MUCH ADLER-ICKA IS IT IS REPORTED BY C. T. HALL, that much Adler-ick is used in Redcliff. They have found out that ONE PROOF of this simple butchery is that the adulterous mixture relieves almost ANY case of constipation, sour or gassy stomach. It is so powerful that it is used successfully in appendicitis. ONE MINUTE after you take it the gasses rumble and pass out. It is perfectly safe to use and cannot grip.

NYAL'S
 Mayflower Talcum Powder
 Fragrant - Disinfectant - Blends

Nyal
 Quality Store
 C. T. HALL, Drug.

We are Pleased to Announce The Great West Life Insurance Company

Have appointed us their representative for Redcliff and vicinity.

The Great West is acknowledged to be one of the leading companies in Canada and last month they wrote more business than in any former month of the 22 years since they have been in business.

Now is a good time to carry some additional protection. At age 30 you can get a \$1,000 policy good for 20 years for only \$12.65 per annum.

If interested let us tell you about the different policies and rates of same.

SHIPLEY INVESTMENT COMPANY.

All kinds of real estate & insurance.

PHONE 75
 REDCLIFF, ALBERTA.

Atlas Lumber Company, Ltd., Formerly Bowman-Sing Lumber Co., Ltd.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Lumber, Lath, Lime, Shingles, Plaster Mouldings.

Shoe Repairing

Get your own and the children's old shoes fixed up for the summer holidays.

All Work Guaranteed Satisfaction Assured
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General News Notes From Various Points

The empress of Russia has "consented" to the distribution of 10,000,000 soldiers of the Russian army as a gift from the children of American Sunday schools.

According to statistics compiled by the London board of trade, food in general is 35 per cent. higher than a year ago in the large towns of England and 50 per cent. higher in the small towns and villages. Official German figures for May show that food prices for that month were 69 per cent. above May, 1914.

Two Austrian submarines which left to reconnoitre the Italian coast, have not returned and are believed to have been lost.

Passengers aboard the British passenger liner Orduna, which reached New York Saturday, said that a submarine attempted to torpedo the vessel at 6 o'clock in the morning of July 9 and falling in its effort, fired it at the steamer, none of which took effect.

Sir Arthur Markham, in the house of commons, on the question of censorship of Canadian news, declared that the interview with W. M. Butler, of the Canadian Star & Pomeroy Company, in which Mr. Butler stated that Canada could multiply her output of ships four or five times if the British government would only place their orders, was not made known.

The court of inquiry held to investigate the loss of the Lusitania and her passengers, find that no blame can be attached to the tragedy in Captain Turner or the officers of the Cunard line, but that it was due to damage caused by torpedoes fired from a German submarine. In the opinion of the court the action was taken with the intention of destroying the lives of the people on board.

Miss Odella Lane, a German-American pianist operating in London, Ont., with an American agent's company, was discharged owing to her refusal to play "God Save the King" at the end of her program.

More public thought is being directed on the attitude of Roumania, owing to the threats of the central powers on her refusal to allow passage of munitions through to Turkey. Two important journals have declared that the action is highly undecisive for the forces in the Dardanelles, and that the allies' success there would decide the whole war.

M. Lodozou, who has just been expelled from Constantinople, where he was left to guard the property of the French embassy, says many of the Old Turks have been done away by being tied in sacks, and thrown into the Bosphorus. Regarding the Germans, M. Lodozou says their relations with the Turks are none too good, and they make no secret of their intention to make Turkey a German protectorate at the close of the war.

An Italian paper, commenting on the Austrian note to the United States protesting against the shipment of war munitions to the central allies, points out that Germany and Austria are unable to obtain munitions from America because of the superior naval power of the allies. The American market is open to all, says the paper. If the government were to close it to the allies it would commit a breach of neutrality in favor of the central empires.

An order-in-council has been passed providing that no immigrant other than the member of a family shall be permitted to enter Canada between March 1 and October 31 unless the possessor of at least \$25. The head of a family must have in his possession \$25 for each member of the family upwards of 18 years of age, and \$12.50 for each member under that age. Immigrants seeking to enter Canada between November 1 and the end of February will be subject to the same conditions, except that the amount per head necessary will be \$50 instead of \$25.

The middle verse of the Bible is the eighth verse of the 11th chapter. The 21st verse of the 7th chapter of 2 Peter contains all the letters in the alphabet except the letter "Z". The longest verse is the 24th verse of the 8th chapter of Esther. The shortest verse is the 9th verse of the 11th chapter of St. John.

The editor of a newspaper at Newfoundland, now occupied by the Germans, has been ordered before a court-martial for publishing an article in which he violently attacked the Germans.



The total casualties of the Dardanelles expeditionary force are 10,000 killed, wounded and missing, have been 42,434 officers and men. The total includes both naval and military branches of the service.

Sir Robert Borden, premier of Canada, now in London, will be given the freedom of the city July 29, in recognition of his services in behalf of Britain.

General von Blasing, the governor-general of Belgium, promulgated an order this week for the punishment of any Belgian between the ages of 16 and 40 who leaves the state to serve in any capacity for a country at war with Germany. The penalty provided is a fine of 10,000 marks (\$2,500) or five years imprisonment or both.

According to a Sofia correspondent, a ministerial order was issued last Tuesday in Bulgaria definitely suspending railway communication with Turkey. The step seems to have been taken in consequence of Turkey's continued interference with the traffic.

The Canadian casualties not including prisoners, now total 10,373. This includes 1,773 killed, 6,001 wounded and 2,600 missing. Prisoners captured, it is said, will total nearly 3,000. This would place the number of Canadian soldiers put into captivity at somewhere in the neighborhood of 18,000.

The British government has notified the Washington state department that a wealthy German resident of Detroit, Mich., has been supplying money to certain persons in Windsor, Ont., for use in destroying property of the government. The name of the man has been withheld pending an investigation by the United States authorities.

A private dispatch from Berlin, which was passed by the German censor, says excitement is growing rapidly among the German people on account of the social democratic pamphlets demanding a rapid conclusion of the war owing to increasing prices of all foodstuffs. Martial law will be declared all over Germany to suppress all demonstrations.

Arrangements have been made to hold the next Olympic games in Tokyo, Japan. Great satisfaction among the Japanese has arisen owing to this selection of the committee. The young boys are showing increased interest in athletics.

The cost of living, according to the figures furnished by the labor department has shown but a slight falling off for the month of June in Canada. The slight fall was due chiefly to the lower prices in grain and flour and also less staple food products. Flour has dropped about \$1 per barrel. Cattle, wheat, and butter, in price somewhat as also did cotton, cheese, woolen, cotton, cotton cloths and lumber.

Moving the new vote of credit in the house, Premier Asquith announced that for the first 11 days of July the war expenditure had been £54,000,000 (£570,000,000) and that the rate of expenditure showed daily natural tendency to rise.

A detail of secret service men is holding the summer house of the British ambassador, Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, at Beverly, Mass. This protection is furnished in view of the reports of Frank Birk that Sir Cecil would be attacked.

Reports from West Africa say the British troops there have captured the main strategic position of the Germans in the colony of West Africa.

Constantinople Is Said to Be Doomed

U. S. BUILD SUBMARINES

TO CROSS ATLANTIC

Simon Lake, the inventor and builder of submarines for the United States government, was gratified by the success of the experiments testing the new submarine G2, which demonstrated that the new boat can cross the Atlantic ocean and return without stopping, having a cruising radius of 6,000 miles.

"It is perfectly practicable for the G2, with its new engines, to cross the ocean, do what we want to do on any base of supplies," said Mr. Lake. "It is merely a question of the economy of fuel."

The G2 was built by the Lake Torpedo Boat Company, of Bridgeport, Conn. Her extensive cruising radius is due to the efficiency of a new Swiss engine which drives the boat both on the surface and under the water, replacing both the gasoline engines heretofore used to drive submarine craft.

The G2 is only 160 feet long, but seven new Lake submarines, which are being constructed for the United States navy, will be 350 feet long and possess a much greater radius of activity than the G2.

"When the new boats are finished, in about a year and a half," Mr. Lake said, "they will be a match for any submarines in the world. They were cost \$85,000 apiece, and will be equipped with six torpedo tubes effective."

LODGE DIRECTORY.

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Regular Communication 13th Tuesday of Each Month.
Visiting Brethren Welcome.
D. R. REEM J. RUTHERFORD Secretary.

PRAIRIE FLOWER No. 30
REBEKAH LODGE
Meets first and third Monday of each month. Visiting welcome.
N. G. SISTER JEAN McKELLER
R. S. SISTER BERTHA HALL

SONS OF ENGLAND
BENEFIT SOCIETY
LODGE ROSEBERRY No. 10.
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H. E. HOWARD, President
P. H. COURTNEILL, Secretary
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MATTERS IN BALKANS
REACHING A CLIMAX.
According to information from Berlin matters as to the Balkans are approaching a climax. There is a growing fear as to Roumania, which is holding information in covert threats of what the central powers may do if that state does not allow the passage of arms and ammunition to Turkey. The continued refusal to permit

munitions to pass is endangering the position of the Turkish army in the Dardanelles and two important journals have declared that the allies' success there would decide the whole war. The correspondent of the Nieuw Rotterdamse Courant writes: "From all sides the public is being warned that the danger which threatens from the Balkan states has not passed over."

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